



RESEARCH COUNCIL OF ALBERTA

LEGEND

Precambrian*
Quartzite, pure and impure, white, grey, green, pink and blue; including biotite-schist, minor milky quartz pods, feldspar augen, granite and pegmatitic lenses, ferruginous and garnetiferous zones.
Biotite-schist, with abundant quartz, some sericitic; including phyllite, phyllonite, minor milky quartz pods, feldspar augen, granite and pegmatitic lenses, ferruginous and garnetiferous zones.
Biotite granite C, with white to grey gabbroed to sheared feldspar megacrysts, one-quarter to one-half inch in size, in a well-foliated to banded matrix, including microgranular bands, with minor aplite and pegmatite.
Biotite granite D, with grey to pink to red embayed feldspar megacrysts, one and one-half inch to three inches in size, in a foliated to massive matrix, including minor aplite, microgranites and pegmatite.
Gneissic biotite granite D, with grey to pink feldspar augen, one and one-half to three inches in size, in a well-foliated to banded matrix, including microgranular bands, with minor aplite and pegmatite.
Quartz diorite, with white to pink, phyllitic megacrysts, one-quarter to three-quarters inch in size, abundant hornblende, minor biotite (locally biotite-rich and hornblende poor); in a foliated matrix, including minor aplite, microgranite.
Biotite granite gneiss, with some hornblende, chlorite, including minor massive granite, porphyritic granite, granoblastic, alkali-feldspar, lenses of biotite, quartzite, amphibole; garnetiferous zones.
Hornblende granite gneiss, with some biotite, chlorite; including minor massive granite, porphyritic granite, granoblastic and amphibole.
Anorthosite, including biotite amphibolite, hornblende; banded to massive.
Biotite granite, with white, to pink to red feldspars, minor sericitic, including leucocratic phases; massive. Muscovite granite (red), with abundant white to pink feldspars, minor biotite; massive. Phases with abundant feldspar megacrysts (pink), one-quarter to one-half inch in size. Hornblende bearing phases (H).
Granite pegmatite, with white, to pink to red feldspars, sparse biotite and/or chlorite; massive. Muscovite pegmatite (red), with abundant white to pink feldspars, quartz; massive.
Lamprophyre granite, with pink to red embayed feldspars, euhedral; massive, locally foliated, including minor microgranite and pegmatite. Sericitic bearing phases (S).
Sheeted leucocratic granite, with white to pink feldspars; medium to fine grain, typically sheared, minor biotite, muscovite, sericitic.
Basic dyke, massive, locally sheared with chlorite.

*Note: Rock units are not arranged chronologically

Geological boundary (defined, approximate, assumed)

Geological boundary, gradational

Schistosity, gneissosity, foliation (defined, assumed)

Schistosity, gneissosity, foliation (dip-inclined, vertical, horizontal)

Extreme contortion (structurally trend)

Tight folds (structurally trend)

Fault (defined, approximate, assumed)

Shear zone

Brecia

Mylonite

Gneiss

Joint

Sample location

Glacial strias (direction of ice movement known)

Radiometric

Garnet

Chlorite, abundant

Geology by John D. Godfrey and E. W. Pekett, 1958

Drainage (permanent, intermittent)

Muskeg

Snow-covered area

Spot elevation, height in feet above mean sea-level

Provincial boundary

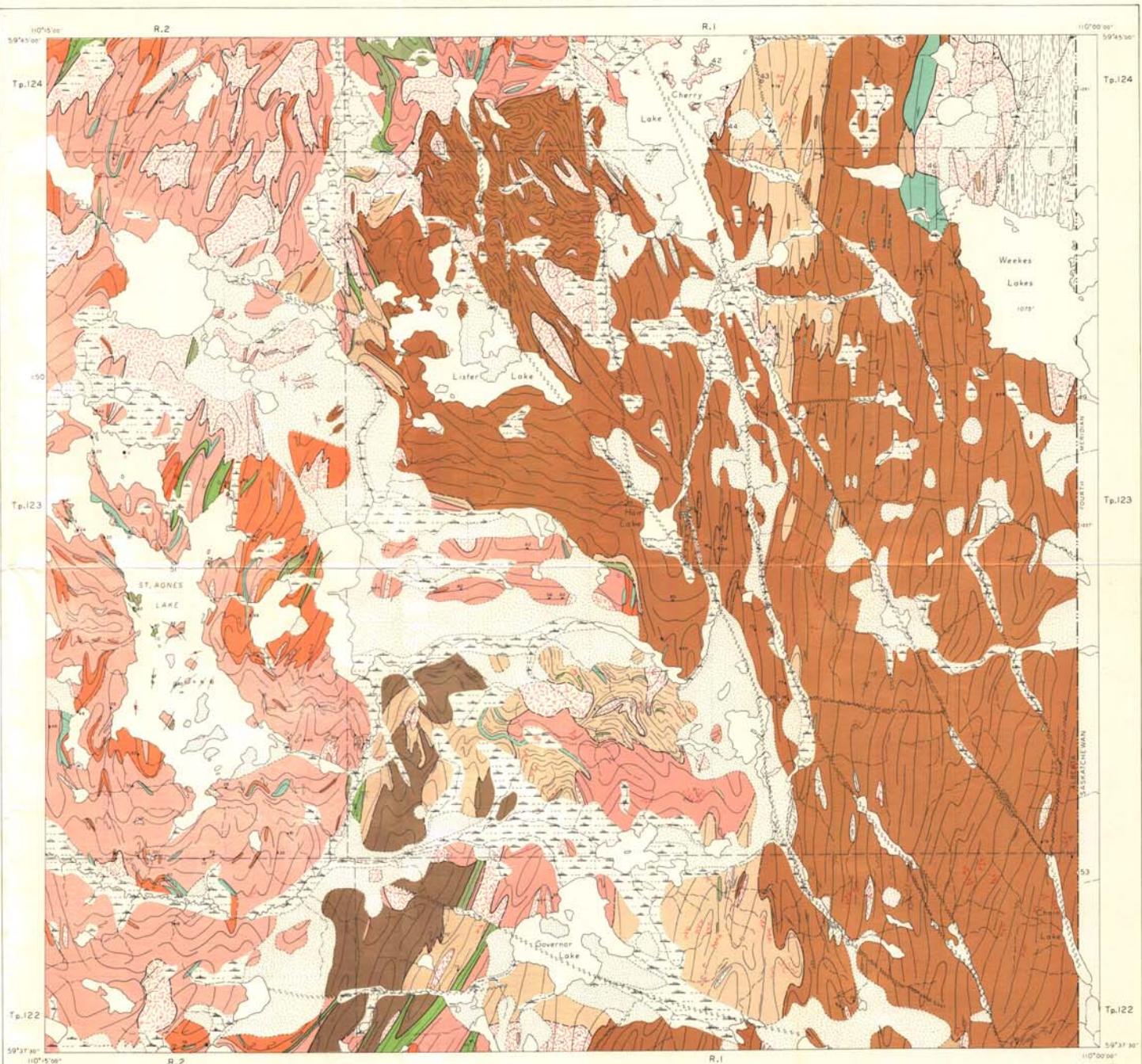
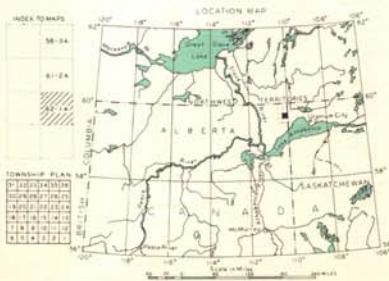
Township boundary

Section line

Base map compiled from planimetric sheet 74 MNE quarter, published by Government of Alberta, Department of Lands and Forests, Edmonton.

Air photographs covering this area are obtainable from the Technical Division, Department of Lands and Forests, Government of Alberta, Edmonton, and the National Air Photothèque, Library, Topographical Service, Ottawa.

Approximate magnetic declination 25° 58' East in 1962, decreasing 6' annually.



MAP 62-1A sheet #3

ST. AGNES LAKE

WEST OF FOURTH MERIDIAN

Scale: One Inch to One Mile
SOUTH NORTH EAST WEST

Lithographed in Canada